



Tent Pitching Instructions — Kura 800DLX

FLYSHEET FIRST PITCHING

- Assemble poles and lay them parallel on the ground: (7 poles: 3 steel poles, 2 long fibreglass poles and 2 medium fibreglass poles).
- The poles are colour coded to match corresponding pole sleeve entry points.
- Open out flysheet and position in required direction.
- Insert steel arc poles through the pole sleeves with black tabs running across the tent, side to side. Place the tent so that all the poles are facing in the same direction, with the ends of the pole pointing towards the front of the tent.
- Insert the fibreglass poles into the correctly coloured pole sleeves.
- Loosen all the tension straps located along the groundsheet.
- Starting on one side of the tent, place metal pin into the end of the corresponding steel pole.
- On other side of tent, push pole into pole sleeve and place the metal pin into the end. Remove any slack in the pole sleeve by pulling on the tension strap. This ensures that the pins don't pop out of the poles accidentally.
- Push the remaining steel poles into an arc and connect to the pin and ring system.
- Move all the steel poles so that they sit on top of each other.
- Next, peg out the two corners on the front of the tent using V pegs, ensuring that the door is facing in the desired direction.
- With one person on each side of the tent, gather up all the steel poles and position them, from front to back, into a tunnel shape.
- Make sure that the tent is positioned in a straight line and the poles positioned the correct distance apart. Peg the two rear corners using V pegs and tighten up the tension strap.
- Insert the bedroom poles into the relevant sleeves. On each pole connect the end into the correct pin.
- Next, clip the flysheet to all the steel and fibreglass poles using the plastic clips. Tighten any loose tension straps at the base of each pole.

- Peg out each bedroom using steel V pegs. It is helpful for two people to peg out a bedroom at a time to ensure that they are pegged at the correct angle.
- At this stage, it is a good idea to check the sewn-in groundsheet to ensure that the tent has been pitched in a straight line. If any creases or folds are visible, realign the poles to suit. Afterwards, peg out each pole using a pin peg through the metal ring.
- Peg and tighten any remaining tension straps at the doors and at the rear of the bedrooms.
- Insert the steel stretcher pole into the roof sleeve inside the tent. Extend each end and lock in place.
- Peg out all guy lines ensuring that they are in line with the pole or seam they are attached to.

INNER ATTACHMENT

- Open out inner tents inside flysheet and position doorway to correspond with the living area.
- Starting from the rear corners of the tent, attach the elasticated hooks on the groundsheet to corresponding rings on the flysheet anchor straps.
- Suspend the inner by attaching toggles of inner tent through rings on inside of flysheet. Do the rear first and work forward.
- Attach the base of the pelmet to the attachment point on the front of the inners.





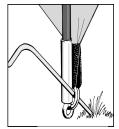


Figure 2.

Ring and Pin System.

- 1. Locate one end of each pole onto the corresponding metal pin. The metal pin inserts into the hollow metal ferrule on the end of each pole. (See Figure 1). Push the pole into a curve from the opposite side, one at a time, and locate all pole ends onto the metal pins.
- 2. Peg the corners of the tent through the metal rings using pin-pegs. It is important to drive the peg into the ground at a 45 degree angle to obtain the best grip. (See Figure 2).